

Bedford Gazette.

Freedom of Thought and Opinion.

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NEW SERIES.

Select Poetry.



Daily Duties.

Our daily paths! with thorns or flowers,
We can at will bestow them;
What bliss would guide the passing hours,
If we but rightly knew them.
The way of life is rough at best,
But briars yield the roses;
So that which yields to joy and rest,
The hardest path discloses.

The weeds that oft we cast away
Their simple beauty scorn;
Would form a wreath of purest ray,
And prove the best adorning.
So in our daily paths, 'twere well
To call each gift a treasure,
However slight, where love can dwell
With life-renewing pleasures!

The Farmer's Life.

The Farmer's life is the life for me—
I own I love it dearly;
And every season, full of glee,
I'll take its labor, cheerily;
To plow or sow, to reap or mow,
Or in the barn to thresh, sir—
All one to me, I plainly see—
'Twill bring me health and cash, sir.

The Lawyer leads a harass'd life,
Much like the hunted otter;
And 'twixt his own and others' strife,
He's always in hot water.
For foe or friend, the cause defend,
However wrong, must be, sir,
In reason spite, maintain he's right,
And daily earn his fee, sir.

The Doctor's styled a gentleman,
But this I hold but humbug;
For, like a fawn waiting man,
To every call he's coming.
Now here, now there, must be repair,
Or starve, sir, by denying.
Like death itself, unhappy elf,
He thrives by others dying.

The Farmer's life then let me live,
Obtaining, while I lead it,
Enough for self, and some to give
To such poor souls as need it.
I'll drain and fence, nor grudge expense,
And give my land good dressing;
I'll plow and sow, and drill in rows,
And hope for Heavenly blessing.

VISION OF HELL.

Following him as before, down, down, down,
I entered into another vast apartment,
lighted by a most flattering but dubious and unsatisfying
gloom. Taking my seat, as usual, I felt
the pressure of his two fingers again on the op-
posite side of my head.

What now? he inquired.
Ay, I know not but how strange! It is not hope:
nay it is hope; but how strange! It does not
resemble such hope as mortals have, and yet it
carries its features well. It is a hope in doing
wrong. It is entered in what-ever way oppose
itself to good. Sin, rebellion, treason to Heav-
en, mutiny, and rage and fierce revenge, and
plots of deep and subtle purpose, such as may,
perchance, succeed against the Almighty and
hurl him from his seat—this is now my hope;
and yet this hope, stilled by reason, maddened
by fear, condemned by conscience, is pushed
on to powerful despair. Despair is powerful.
It is the insanity of hope; and insanity is often
stronger than sanity. It sometimes breathes
resistless valor into timid breasts. It causes the
fearful fawn to turn upon its pursuer, and makes
a culture of the dove. Come, then, fell des-
pair, be thou my hope! and heaven shall yet
tremble when thou shalt marshal all thy rage.
Nay, but he is Almighty, I am not; he is all
good; I am not; all my powers and passions
war, by turns, upon my purpose, which is noth-
ing but loss of every expectation but that of
eternal woe! Come woe, come ruin, come
whatever lies next above annihilation, which I
covet, but cannot have, and bury me in deep ob-
livion, where no thought of life, no ray of
light, no beam of goodness, no hope of mercy,
no look of love, may ever reach me more! Nay,
Oh, God! I will live! This last, deepless,
deathless element survives to torture me fore-
ever; and forever I am doomed to live the black
death of unchangeable despair.

Now thou hast picked the worm which coils
eternally about my heart to sting my soul for-
ever, and pierce me with undying pangs. This,
with thy other tortures, would alone be hell.
That hell thou carriest in thee. It is thyself,
from whom thou canst never make one brief
remove. Always to be thyself is hell. Fire,
and all physical tortures, would be harmless
here. Depraved by sin, with thy memory har-
rowing up thy recollection of better days, with
thy imagination filling thee with the most
fearful shapes, with thy best affections centred
in the love of sin, with thy anger raging against
the essence of all good, and, worst of all, with
thy deathless conscience forever damning thee
with its intolerable rebukes—this last one is
Hell. This is Hell we feel; and thou shalt sink
deeper into it, while the cycle of eternal ages
roll!

Is there, then, no reprieve?

None.

Is there no speculation, no tradition handed
down, of some period, however far away in the
depths of revolving ages, when some change for
the better may arrive?

None whatever.

Is there no hope that the souls, worn out with
pain, will sink beneath its load and die?

No, never! Every moment gives it new ca-
pacity to suffer woe. There will come a time
when thy grown heart shall hold more torment
than all the suffering sons of cursed Adam ever
knew by poverty, disease, misfortune, flood or
fire! Thou shalt afterwards carry more pain
than all Hell itself now knows. Thy being's

law is growth. Hadst thou come here with a
heaven-formed character, heaven itself could
not now furnish thee a measure of thy future
joy; but with a mind bred to sin, there is
naught before thee but the deeper and deeper
depth of insufferable agony and despair! Look
thou upon those awful depths, where shapes
of misery thicken and blacken as thy vision
travels down. Behold them descending towards
the bottomless abyss of woe! Mark the dial-
face of that massive clock above thee, whose
pendulum ticks ages instead of seconds; and
every time the hammer of it hits the doleful bell,
the words forever! forever! forever!!!

No sooner had the crown fairly settled upon
my head, than every power and propensity of
my perverted nature rose into a rage of activity
which I had never known before. If the
excitement of a single faculty under the suc-
cessive touches of my instructor, could cause me
such insufferable agonies, what words shall ex-
press the repeated hails of their combined and
concentrated action! Like one on fire with de-
lirium, I ran down the rapid descent, hall to
hall, flight after flight, determined, as soon as
possible, to reach the lowest level of the strange
edifice, and thence plunge at once into the last
abyss of ruin; but when that awful verge was
gained, and the plunge made, I found myself
descending through regions of thick darkness to
an unknown and perhaps unexisting bottom, a
horror so terrible, took possession of me that I
awoke from the frightful vision, which, in spite
of the cold snow upon which I was lying, had
caused great drops of perspiration to stand upon
my forehead.—Sketches of the three-fold life
of Man.

An Elopement.

A gentleman named Storer, from Ohio, while
on a visit to some friends in the vicinity of Eliza-
bath-town, a few miles above this city, recent-
ly became enamored of Miss S., a lady residing
in the neighborhood. Previous to his depar-
ture for home, he made a proposition of mar-
riage, which was accepted by the lady. The
father of the lady, on being informed of the cir-
cumstance, withheld his assent, and forbade the
gentleman access to his house. A close watch
was kept on the motions of the love-lorn lass—
notwithstanding her declaration that she would
let the matter drop, and think no more about it.
Nothing remarkable was observed in her con-
duct for some time—when, one evening after
tea she betrayed an uneasiness of manner,
and was dressed with greater taste and pre-
cision than was usual on ordinary occasions; this
excited and confirmed the suspicions of the fa-
mily; but she repaired to her room in company
with a younger sister as usual. She did not re-
tire, however, until some time after her sister,
and then gently laid down without undressing,
where she remained about an hour—when,
thinking her companion in the land of dreams,
and her lover in the woods, she crept stealthily
away, and at the "witching hour of night," was
about taking leave of the paternal roof, when she
was hailed by her sister, who, although
feigning sleep, had been wide awake. The
romantic lady was not to be impeded by trifles,
and, borne on the wings of love, disappeared in
a neighboring wood. The father and brother
were aroused and started in pursuit; but not find-
ing the fugitive they proceeded to Elizabeth-
town, about a mile distant, and stopped at a hotel
to which it was presumed they would re-
pair. The landlord informed them that there
were no young lovers in his house; and they
were about departing, when the enamored
twain appeared. Here was a crisis. The angry
father and son—the ardent gallant and his sweet
captivè, met face to face. But no weapon is
used, no blustering indulged in. The old man
gently admonishes his wayward child of the
madness of her conduct—reminds her of a home
of ease and plenty—and requests her to return.
The daughter asks her parent to forgive any
wrong she may have done, but expresses her
unyielding determination to marry the young man.
The clergyman was sent for, and the
sorrowful old man would have remained to wit-
ness the ceremony which consigned his child to
the guardianship of another, had he not been
constrained by his son to depart.

The parties were united in wedlock between
two and three o'clock in the morning, and a
few days after left for the home of the groom
in the State of Ohio. The lady's parents are
very respectable, and in easy circumstances. The
young man is said to possess nothing but a fair
character and a good constitution.—Pittsburg
Union.

The lofty and the lowly.—The Washing-
ton Union indulges in the following sensible re-
marks:
Who is he, no matter how exalted his po-
sition, who has no relatives among the humblest?
The writer himself has seen members of the im-
mediate families of two Presidents of this repub-
lic toiling for their support in the severest of
employments; and it is probable no man has oc-
cupied the White House who has not been a-
ware that many of his kindred, unless relieved
by himself, were reckoned among the poor, if
not the honest of the land. The only brother
of Clay was a cabinet-maker. Webster, the
giant of Statesmen, and the ornament of his coun-
try, had a brother-in-law who never learned to
read until after completing the period of three
score and ten; and a majority of the first States-
men of the present time are the energetic and
ambitious sons of poor, but honest parents. Ev-
erett, who will never blush to hear it, was dis-
covered in his younger pursuit of knowledge,
under difficulties of poverty—though they pre-
sented to him but slight impediments on the
road to renown.

AN ALLEGED BIGAMIST IN TROUBLE.—A
man who was once a resident of Raleigh, and

who is quite extensively known on account of
other species of duplicity and fraud, was in
Washington city last summer and fall, living in
the finest style, driving the most elegant estab-
lishment of which the city could boast, and
otherwise cutting a great swell. In the meantime
an acquaintance was formed with a lovely young
lady from New York, and their intimacy final-
ly ripened into courtship, and on the 16th of
October last they were married in New York.
Thus far matters had gone on very smoothly,
until recently some suspicious circumstances
gave rise to inquiries being made of one of our
citizens as to his character, &c., when lo! the
crushing, blasting truth was made known that
he had a lawful wife and children in this city,
whom he had deserted and basely betrayed and
scandalized. These facts being received, the
base deceiver was arrested, and is now lodged
in Delaware county jail, N. Y., awaiting his
trial upon the charge of bigamy; and irrefuta-
ble testimony has been and will be collected and
forwarded proving his first marriage in this city,
several years ago.—Raleigh N. C. Age.

Bloody Fight between a Californian and a
Grizzly Bear.—Last week a young man left
St. Andrew for a stroll over the hills, taking
with him only a pistol and a knife, and in his
wanderings came on a large grizzly bear,
which, after a short struggle, struck him to the
ground, throwing him on his pistol side, there-
by rendering it impossible to use that weapon
in defence. He was able to draw his knife,
which he used pretty freely on old bruin, and
was shortly enabled to regain his feet, when he
pitched so bravely into his savage assailant that
the grizzly hauled off for a breathing spell.—
This was also an advantage to the young man,
which he so successfully employed as to be in a
better condition to continue the fight.

The amicable lasted but for a short time—
the grizzly was cautiously coming up to renew
the battle, when the young man, with knife in
hand, although severely wounded, charged up-
on the monster with a whoop and yell, burying
the knife in the animal's neck, which being
more than he had reckoned on, and not at all
agreeable, old grizzly turned tail and trotted off,
fairly beaten in a stand-up fight of his own
seeking. The brave young fellow then beto't
him of his pistol, the contents of two barrels of
which he discharged into his retreating foe.
This is the second fight this young man has had
with bears. He was found by his partner very
much cut and torn, and removed to San An-
dres, where his wounds were dressed, and he is
now in a fair way of recovery. We are sorry
the name of this brave fellow has escaped our
memory—he is well known in San Andres,
where he resides.—Calaveras Chronicle, De-
cember 2.

SINGULAR DEVELOPMENTS.—The Raiguel
Robbery.—Arrest and Confession of the Of-
fender.—On Saturday before Ald. Kenney, a
young man named Henry Wilson Williams,
was charged with highway robbery, in knock-
ing down Mr. Jacob Raiguel in July last, and
robbing him of a gold watch and chain. A
few weeks after the commission of the offence,
a young man known as Dock Ennis, was ar-
rested from the description given by Mr. Rai-
guel and another gentleman who had seen him,
and he was tried before Judge Kelly and con-
victed, though quite a number of witnesses
swore to his being elsewhere at the time of the
robbery, as fixed by Mr. Raiguel. A motion
was made for a new trial in the case, and it was
granted. Ennis was liberated, and was not
tried a second time. A few days ago a gold
watch was left at a watchmaker's in this city
for repair. It curiously enough happened that
out of the several hundred watchmakers in this
city, it was sent to one who knew it to be Rai-
guel's from his having put cases on it. Mr. R.
was apprised of the fact, and after a consulta-
tion with Mr. Reed the matter was placed in
hands of officers Seed and Summers, of the
Mayor's police, who, with the aid of officer
Hickman, of the Thirteenth Ward, traced it to
Williams, the prisoner. He soon after the rob-
bery had sold it at an auction store in Spring
Garden, and it had passed through the hands of
two or three. On Saturday, Williams made a
clear breast of it, confessing that he did the
deed, and professing some little contrition. At
first he implicated Ennis, but afterwards dis-
covered that he had any connection with it. Mr.
Raiguel was examined before the Alderman, on
Saturday, and gave a detailed statement of
the robbery as far as he could recollect the cir-
cumstances. The weapon used by the robber to
knock Mr. R. down was a slung shot of a dead-
ly character, being a heavy paving stone tied
up in a handkerchief. The injuries of Mr. Rai-
guel were so serious that his life was despaired
of for several weeks. Williams is about the
built man of Ennis, but of different features and
complexion. He is a brother to the young
butcher, who, twelve years ago, murdered a lad
in the High street market. The worst feature
in the case is, that he was not compelled by
his necessities to the commission of crime. He
was committed to answer the offence, \$3000
bail being required.—Philadelphia News.

Graphic.

Mrs. Swisshelm, in the Pittsburg Gazette,
thinks that the sterner sex had better devote
their attention to their own ridiculous fashions
in dress, rather than to find so much fault with
the ladies. The gentlemen of Pittsburg must
be rather a comical looking set, if Mrs. S.'s por-
trait of them is correct. She says:—Here,
for two winters, they have been strolling around,
looking for all the world like so many pumpkins
with two corn stalks stuck in the blossom end,
and a bit of stem left on the other—in coats just
the length of a farmer's wamus, a half yard too
wide stuffed with wadding, and drawn up
around their ears—sleeves like meal sacks, and
pantaloons as tight as fiddle strings. To see
them handle their drum-sticks in this outfit was
a natural curiosity. This winter the still-like
supporters mysteriously disappear; pantaloons

are invisible, and coats bid fair to rival ladies'
skirts in the sublime art of street sweeping."

TAMPERING WITH JURORS.

This offence, called in law "Embracery," is
it appears greatly on the increase in this State,
and every Court in the commonwealth should
exert all the power with which it is vested for
its suppression and punishment. It is a too
common practice for parties having suits pend-
ing in our Courts, to obtrude themselves into
the company of men whom they know have
been summoned as Jurors, and to converse with
them upon the merits of their case, thus at-
tempting to bias their opinions and warp their
judgments. This is altogether wrong, and is an
offence of the deepest dye against the rights and
interests of every citizen, and which, when
brought to the notice of the Court, should be
punished in the most exemplary manner. Our
Courts, too, should strictly prohibit the publica-
tion in the newspapers of the names of the Ju-
rors, Grand and Traverses, as the publicity thus
given them enables unprincipled and designing
litigants the more readily to accomplish their
own sinister and interested purposes.

An offence of this description was lately com-
mitted in Berks county, in this State, and the
offender prosecuted therefor. From a report of
the trial, we give an abstract of the opinion of
Judge Jones:

Commonwealth vs. J. D. Kauffman. This
was an indictment of embracery, or attempting
to improperly influence a Jurymen. The case
was one determining the annual value of a farm,
in which Jacob Forney was Plaintiff. Lydia For-
ney—the mother-in-law of John D. Kauffman,
was defendant—the defendant asserted it was
worth \$600. Kauffman remarked with a view
of two of the Jurors, standing by the Court
House, hearing it, that he would not give one
hundred a year for it. For this he is found
guilty of the charge preferred. The Judge gave
this wide application of the law in such cases.

From the moment that the name of the juror
is announced in the papers, yes, from the time
it is drawn from the wheel, his person is con-
secrated to the purpose of justice. The law draws
around him an invisible cord which no man
may pass but at his peril. It is as complete the
moment he is selected as when he is impeached.

This institution is attacked by any attempt
to influence or prejudice a jury. The defend-
ant in this case is charged with such an attempt.
To speak of a case accidentally in the presence of
jurors without knowing their character, is no
offence; but if the defendant knew they were
jurors, and knowingly used language in their
hearing calculated to influence their verdict,
the offence is complete. No one is permitted
to speak to or at a juror. It will not do to sit
down in a tavern and discuss a case in the
hearing of jurors, although not a word may be
addressed to them. Any attempt to influence
their minds is an offence in the eyes of the law,
and punishable.

A Marriage License Fraudulently Obtained.
—A Scene in Court.—The Richmond Enquirer
gives the following as the sequel to the
Schonberger case, which has afforded so much
food for gossip in the Virginia papers:

The case of Lewis Schonberger, ex Patrick
Jordan, to obtain possession of his (S.'s) wife,
alleged to be forcibly and unlawfully detained
by J., the father, came before Judge Clopton,
on a writ of *habeas corpus*, on Saturday last at
the State court-house. Mr. Elliott, clerk of
Henrico county, testified that he had issued a li-
cense for the marriage of Schonberger to Miss
Jordan, on the authority of a written order from
S., presented by a man named Hughes, who
solemnly swore that Miss Jordan was twenty-
one years of age; and the Rev. Philip Courtney
stated that the parties came to his house, on
Church Hill, on Sunday night, the 21st instant,
and were married under said license. Thomas
P. August, Esq., counsel for the bridegroom,
maintained the informality and trickery in ob-
taining the license, and the failure to obtain the
consent of the parent, did not vitiate or render
null and void the marriage; and W. W. Crump,
Esq., counsel for the father, claiming the child
on the ground that she was only eighteen years
of age, argued that a parent, under the laws of
Virginia, was entitled to the services and guar-
dianship of his infant child until he had given
his consent to the marriage, or until she had
been married under a legal and legitimate, and
not a false and corrupt license.

Judge Clopton, after the argument of coun-
sel had been submitted, read the law governing
his powers in the case, and said he had no diffi-
culty in deciding the marriage, notwithstanding
the manner in which the license was obtained,
was a valid one, and that, consequently, the
husband was entitled to the possession of his
wife. He therefore directed that she be given
into his charge. Schonberger immediately
approached her, placed her arm under his,
and they left the court-house together, surround-
ed by a large crowd of persons who had been
anxiously awaiting the result of the contest.—
Thus, it appears, that although, Jordan is a
hard road to travel, Schonberger, by the aid
of perjury, has succeeded in getting over it.

The Enquirer adds:

When Judge Clopton announced his deci-
sion in favor of restoring to Schonberger his
wife, a shout of exultation went up from the
large crowd such as we have never before wit-
nessed in the halls of justice. The applause
was as noisy and disorderly as it was disgraceful.

Diabolical Outrage at Sandlake.—The Albany
Register says a negro took lodgings at
George Miller's tavern, West Sandlake, Rens-
selaer county, on Saturday night last, and af-
ter the inmates had retired armed himself with
the foot-rod of the bedstead in his room, and
entering the apartment in which the bar-tender,
Mr. Josiah Siperley, was sleeping in bed with
George Smith, committed a violent assault upon
them. He struck Mr. Siperley so hard with the

stick he had armed himself with that he knock-
ed out a number of his teeth. He struck the
other man on the side of the face, and broke his
jaw. Probably thinking he had killed both, he
then left the weapon, and, breaking through
two doors, entered a room where a man and
his wife were sleeping. The man heard his
approach, and, seeing him enter, sprang from
his bed and clutched him by the throat. The
female shouted murder; the landlord and the
whole house were aroused; and presently the
bar-tender, armed with the round of the bed-
stead with which he had been assaulted, rushed
in, and was about to strike the scoundrel with
it, when he was restrained by Mr. Miller, and
the scoundrel was secured. He was taken to
Troy. His object was, no doubt, to murder and
then plunder.

The Cores of a Crowned Head.—In the
course of his last letter to the *Courier des Etats*
Unis, its Paris correspondent, E. Gallairdet,
has the following:

"The Emperor has sought a diversion from
the pressing cares which the precarious situa-
tion of the army in the East has caused him.—
He has shut himself up—invisible to the whole
world, save his ministers—in the Palace of St.
Cloud. He, who is ordinarily so calm, cannot
now, it is said, conceal his irritation. Nobody
dares to approach him. The Empress seems to
have lost that supreme influence with which
her grace, her sweetness, and her beauty have
hitherto invested her. In the midst of contin-
ual and violent rains, St. Cloud has become to
her a dreary abode. She desired to return to
the Tuileries, but her august husband for three-
teen days resisted her wishes. To him solitude
was a necessity. He recovered his serenity
and consented to return to the Tuileries, when
he learned that Austria had joined the allies.—
His diplomacy has borne him a great triumph—
he sees that France returns to him which at
one time seemed so far away."

WRECK OF THE BARK ARGYLE.—Another
melancholy shipwreck, attended with great suf-
fering and loss of life, has just occurred on the
coast of New Jersey. At midnight, on the
night of Sunday, the 28th, the bark Argyle,
Capt. Burton, came ashore about five miles to
the south of Squam Inlet. The bark struck sev-
eral times, very heavily, on the outer bar, and
then swung round, stern toward the shore. The
Captain and crew exerted themselves to the ut-
most to get her off, but all their efforts proved
unsuccessful. The heavy sea broke constantly
over her deck, and both Captain and crew were
soon compelled to take refuge in the rigging for
their lives.

All through the black night the Bark beat
with tremendous violence upon the bar, and
every wave that rolled in shore threatened to
engulf all on board.
At length day dawned, and the fearful situa-
tion of the mariners was discovered by the coast
people, who, with their accustomed humanity,
promptly proceeded to the rescue. The life-
boats were soon brought to the beach, but owing
to the tremendous sea then running, it would
have been madness to launch them. So the
survivors were obliged to stand on the beach, list-
ening to the harrowing cries of the shipwrecked
mariners for help, without being able to go
to their aid, save at the cost of their own lives.
Gradually the suffering men, worn out with
fasting and the perishing cold, and exhausted by
the fierce buffeting of the waves, one by one,
loosed their hold, and dropped into the boiling
surge, or were washed from their places of re-
fuge by the great waves, and perished in the
sea, while those who longed to assist them were
forced to look impotently upon their sufferings,
deterred from doing ought but sympathizing
with their distress, or mourning their dreadful
death.

When our informant left the beach, at 3 o'-
clock P. M. of the 29th, four of the crew and
one passenger had been drowned. One man
came ashore, manifesting signs of life, and he
was subsequently resuscitated. The remainder
of the ship's company—numbering five persons
—were alive on the wreck, but no hopes were
entertained by the people on shore of their ul-
timate safety. The bark had broken up, her
masts had snapped off, and these poor starved
and half-frozen beings had crawled out upon
the bow-sprit—the only place of refuge left to
them. The sea was continually washing over
them, and momentarily threatening to swallow
up the last fragment of the devoted vessel, and
the last members of her hapless crew.

Mr. J. S. Forman, agent of the underwrit-
ers, and Mr. J. W. Morris, Coast Inspector,
as well as many other competent coastmen and
wreckers, were speedily on the spot, after the
situation of the bark became known; but as in
too many cases, the appliances provided by the
Government for the saving of life, proved worth-
less. Nothing could be done but to stand and
look on the destruction of life and property in
utter helplessness.—N. Y. Tribune.

Another "Infernal Machine" at Cincinnati.
A diabolical attempt was made on Monday ev-
ening to destroy the family of Cyrus Swiss-
helm, at Cincinnati, the particulars of which
the Enquirer gives:

"On the evening in question, Mr. Swisshelm
and family, consisting of five persons, were
seated around the fire, when a huge ball descend-
ed the chimney, and, bouncing into the fire,
rolled in a bright blaze into the middle of the
floor. It was made of cotton saturated with
turpentine, and during its brief contact with
the fire had become ignited. Luckily, a pail
of water was standing near, and Mr. Swisshelm
catching the burning ball in his hand, instantly
immersed it in the water and extinguished it.
Upon opening the ball it was found to be filled
with gunpowder and slugs, and fortunate indeed
was it for Mr. Swisshelm and his family that
the water was near, as otherwise he says he
would have hurled it into the fire, in which
case, in all probability, it would have been our
painful province to have recorded another event

as horrible in its details as that which transpired
at the Marine Hospital.

A SAD, SAD SCENE.—The New York Jour-
nal of Commerce, of Wednesday morning last,
thus touchingly alludes to the closing scene of
the late terrible calamity near that city:

"Yesterday afternoon the remains of Sarah,
Grace, and Mary, daughters of Mr. John A.
Haven, were consigned to their last resting
place. The funeral services were held at the
house of Mr. J. M. Hopkins, son-in-law of Mr.
Haven, at Ft. Washington, a short distance from
the scene of disaster. Friends and relatives of the
bereaved family filled the house to its utmost
capacity. A large number arrived in the 1 p.
m. train from New York. The distressing event
had overshadowed the vicinity with the
deepest gloom. Sympathy drew to the place
many strangers to the family.

"Rev. Dr. Bellows offered the first prayer.—
The remaining services were conducted by Rev.
Dr. Agood. His remarks were short, but deeply
touching and sympathetic, and the silent re-
luctance of grief responded to his words of con-
dolence. Scarcely an eye was dry. Strangers
who perchance had never felt the sorrows of
personal bereavement were constrained to drop
a tear for others' woes. Said an old gentleman,
'I have lived sixty years, but never in my life
have I witnessed so solemn a scene!' Then the
tears trickled down his cheeks.

"It was a mournful occasion. The bearers
took up the three coffins one by one. On each
lay a fresh wreath of flowers—flowers so soon
to fade. Ah, it was sad to see the fond father,
with grief bowed down, surrounded by the
weeping remnant of a happy home, following
his lifeless child to the grave! For how many
long years, warmed by the brightest hopes, had
he toiled for them! A life's golden dream had
fled.

"They buried them together in one grave in
the family enclosure—strewn over them a few
fresh flowers bedewed with tears, replaced the
sods, and left them there alone. Then the
bright sun gleamed out for a little time from
the clouds that had made the whole day gloomy,
and, shone, as to dispel the grief and cheer the
desolate hearts of the bereaved mourners."

THE GUILLOTINE.—The Paris correspondent
of the Cincinnati Gazette says:

"A great improvement is said to have been ac-
complished lately in the operation of that hu-
manely French instrument, the guillotine. For
a long time attempts have been made to dimi-
nish the horrors of the guillotine by rendering
more rapid the process of preparing the criminal
after his arrival at the instrument, and for ren-
dering the fall of the knife more rapid and more
certain. At the execution of a man a few
mornings ago, at the Place de la Roquette in
this city, the system was put into operation
with the most happy, and, it might be added,
most triumphantly rapid results. A particular
arrangement of the leather straps enables them
to tie the criminal in a second, and holds him
perfectly motionless. Sliding boards, fitted in-
to the grooves between which glides the instru-
ment of death, accelerate its fall, so that the
execution takes place with the most frightful
rapidity. By this new method there is no dan-
ger of being obliged to strike a second time,
as sometimes happened with the old method, nor
is there any possible delay in a moment where
minutes are centuries."

KANSAS.

"Westward the Star of Empire takes its way."

Many friends have, of late, applied to us for
information in relation to the prospects in Kan-
sas. What information we could gather, we
have been careful to publish. The following
may be regarded as coming by authority, and
we think may be relied upon as correct:

Governor REXNER writes from the Shawnee
mission, Dec. 22, as follows:

"This is a most lovely and promising coun-
try. There is no finer under the sun, and next
summer it will be a nice harvest for all kind of
building mechanics and laborers. Last season
stone masons and carpenters got \$2 25 and \$2-
50 a day, and laborers \$1 25 and \$1 50. A
legion of them will be needed early in the
spring and all summer. If you have any to
spare, send them along. We shall pay out in
the Territory near a million of dollars in build-
ing, and a man can be earning the highest wa-
ges and securing a good farm at \$1 25 per
acre at the same time. The Government alone
will spend \$100,000 or \$150,000 in stone build-
ings at Fort Riley. The stone mason, carpen-
ter, brickmaker, bricklayer, plasterer, laborer,
limeburner, &c., can lay the foundation of a
fortune here the first year. Send them on. I
know they will not regret it. Klotz is pre-
paring to build a large hotel. We have as yet
had nothing I would call winter, and I doubt if
it will be any colder. Spring opens about the
1st of March, and mechanics, &c., should be
here at that time. There are some twenty
towns laid out, the greater part of which must
be built up, to say nothing of farmers' houses,
&c., &c."

DEATH ON THE BRIDAL DAY.—The Baltimore
Sun of the 22d contains the following:—"Dr.
Cunningham, Coroner, was, on Saturday morn-
ing, called to hold an inquest on the body of a
gentleman who died under very peculiar cir-
cumstances. Mr. D. Thomas, (aged about 60,) who
resided at No. 248 Ann street, was married
on Friday night, and retired to rest with
his bride. In about an hour afterward, she
heard him breathe in a singular and unusual
manner, inducing her to think something was
wrong. She arose to see what was the matter,
inasmuch as he replied to no question, and found
him breathing his last. The jury rendered a
verdict of "Death from organic disease of the
heart."

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, Feb. 9, 1855.

G. W. Bowman, Editor and Proprietor.

An Apprentice, to learn the Printing, Will be taken at the office of the Bedford Gazette on favorable terms.

AGRICULTURAL.—The next stated meeting of the Bedford County Agricultural Society will be held in the Court-house on Monday evening next. A full attendance is requested, as officers for the ensuing year are then to be elected.

JOHN MOWER, Sec'y.

Latest from "General Head Quarters." Appointments by His Excellency, the Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

Thomas J. Power, Esq., of Beaver county, (American Democrat) Adjutant General of the State, to fill the place of the present incumbent, whose commission, under the Constitution and Laws of the Commonwealth, does not expire until next October 1st. Mr. Power will have a "good time" waiting! Christian Myers, of Chester county, (American Whig) Wristley Inspector for Philadelphia.

C. L. Magee (American Whig) Inspector of Weights and Measures for Allegheny county.

Mr. Culp (American) Flour Inspector for Pittsburgh.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S REPORT FOR '54.

Extract from a letter dated

"HARRISBURG, Feb. 3, 1855.

"Gen. Bowman: Your Report as Adjutant General, made its appearance in the House this morning, and gives general satisfaction, so much so, indeed, that, at the suggestion of the Military Committee, a resolution passed, without a dissenting voice, authorizing the printing of Fifteen Hundred copies in addition to the large number already ordered. This is a compliment of no ordinary character, and one which, I have no doubt, you will highly appreciate."

Such evidences of approval are far more valuable than the mere emoluments of office, and we feel truly grateful to the Legislature for this act of courtesy.

What the Legislature has Done.

The following acts and resolutions have been passed by the Legislature and approved by the Governor:

A supplement to an act entitled "An act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2, 1829.

A supplement to the act incorporating the borough of Palo Alto, passed May 29, 1854.

An act relative to the purchase of certain books for the use of the Legislature.

An act changing the time of holding the special election in the borough of Freeport, Armstrong county.

An act to repeal the registration act.

A supplement to "An act in relation to establishing and changing the places for holding general elections throughout the Commonwealth," passed April 20, 1854.

An act fixing the place of holding elections in Bedford township, Armstrong county.

An act to confer on Kate E. Clark the rights, privileges and advantages of a child born in lawful wedlock.

A further supplement to the act incorporating the House of Refuge of Western Pennsylvania, passed April 22, 1850.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolution relative to the purchase of Sutherland's Legislative Manual.

A resolution in favor of an expedition to rescue Dr. Kane and the crew of the Advance.

Resolution providing for the payment of the amount due special messenger for serving writ of election to supply the vacancy in the second Senatorial district.

Resolution relative to the payment of certain expenses.

A Bill for the Collection of Taxes.

Mr. BALL has introduced a bill in the Legislature to reduce the expenses, and secure the faithful payment of all taxes. It is an important bill, of which we furnish our readers with the following synopsis:

The first section provides that all laws heretofore passed which authorize and require the appointment of collectors of taxes be and the same are hereby repealed; and hereafter it shall be the duty of all assessors, school directors, supervisors of roads, and overseers of the poor of this Commonwealth when they shall have made an assessment of taxes necessary for the respective purposes of their township or district, according to the provisions of existing laws, they shall make a return thereof to the County Commissioners on or before the day of in each and every year.

The second section makes it the duty of the County Commissioners, so soon as they shall receive the returns provided for in the first section of this act, to cause transcripts thereof to be made, exhibiting the amount of each tax payable, and cause five days notice thereof to be given by the Assessor of the township, whose duty it is hereby made to give such notice to each individual of such tax so assessed, and of the time and place where he may appeal from such taxation, and when the appeals have been held, as is by law provided, the said Commissioners shall cause duplicates thereof for each and every township, to be made out and placed in the hands of the County Treasurer, for collection and disbursement.

Section third makes it the duty of the County Treasurer, annually, to fix a time and place for each borough and township of the County, when and where he shall attend to receive payment of all taxes assessed, not later than the fifteenth day of July of any year, and of which appointments it shall be his duty to give at least two weeks' notice in all the news papers published in the county, and at any said appointments, at all times, it shall be his duty to receive any tax which is due and payable by any person or persons, although he, she or they, may not reside in the borough or township for which the appointment may have been made.

Section fourth provides that all who shall on or before the fifteenth of July of any year, pay the full amount of their taxes for that year, to the County Treasurer, shall be entitled to a deduction of five per cent of the amount thereof.

Section fifth provides for the collection of taxes by warrant after the first of September, without previous notice.

Section sixth relates to the liability of the constables in collecting the taxes.

Section seventh requires the constable to make a return of his warrant to the County Treasurer, within forty-five days from and after the time when it shall have come into his hands.

Section eight provides that for the collection of any tax less in amount than five dollars, the said several constables shall be entitled to a fee of twenty-five cents, and where the tax is of

five dollars and upwards, the said constable shall, in addition thereto, be entitled to a fee of five per cent upon the same, which said fee shall be collected from the defaulting tax-payer as the tax itself is collected.

Section tenth requires the County Treasurer to give bond with securities, and allows him two per centum of the amount thereof.

Section eleventh relates to penalties for not paying over the amount of taxes collected.

Section twelfth provides that hereafter township assessors shall be elected to serve three years.

The following eloquent Letter from Col. Jvo. W. Foxsey will be read with great interest by his numerous friends in Bedford county:

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5, 1855.

Gentlemen:—It would give me sincere pleasure to meet you on the 17th of January, but I am compelled to remain at my post in Washington. This must be my excuse for declining your warm and pressing invitation.

There is much in the career of Benjamin Franklin (whose birthday you propose to commemorate) which may be contemplated with interest.

Who can faithfully describe his character, his progress, and the trophies of his experience? In his high individuality we have an example eloquent of encouragement to all ages and to all men. He educated himself. In early life he disclosed those elements which, ripening afterwards, gave to the world a statesman, a patriot, a sage! He began his struggle with fortune penury and poor, and subsequently baffled the intrigues of the English Court, and aroused all France to that appreciation of himself and his cause which made him the embodiment of the great American idea that finally electrified mankind, and made us an independent nation.

Recollect that all this occurred before science had covered our Continent with blessings—before the application of steam as a propelling power—while our communities were few and feeble—while oppression hung like a mid-night pall upon our borders—while the savage roamed the master of our then limited frontiers, and even carried his barbaric warfare into our infant settlements—and long before Education had become a common advantage—before the printing press had become a necessity—even in advance of the liberty he toiled for, and the discoveries that have made his fame as immortal as those skies which his genius enabled him to read, and those electric fires which he deprived of terror, and prepared for the future discoverer to apply to the uses of mankind. Am I not justified, therefore, when I speak of this rare individuality as an eloquent encouragement to the printers of the present day—and not to them alone, but to all that class of young men, who look to this country as the field where Energy, Integrity, Perseverance and Patriotism, are the bright oracles that promise and ensure success? Well may the people of the old world turn to the antiquated and dusty records of European history, and toil through pages stained with blood and crime, to find one such example for their children; and well may they look forward, with beating hearts and kindling eyes, to that Country which Franklin aided to build up, as the grand theatre where mingling races, and creeds, and ideas, are at least to harmonize in the vindication and establishment of the truth that man is capable of self-government.

The American Printing Press has not only been fruitful of advantages because of its relations to commerce, to religion, and to good government—not alone in the general justice of its views, and in its fearless assertions of broad and powerful truths, but because it educates a class of men, who, in their time, may be called upon to educate and direct public opinion. In the printing office the mind instinctively grasps the great thoughts which the hand puts into solid shape. The hours passed swiftly and sweetly as "Benjamin Franklin, printer," gathered his store of knowledge for his daily task, feeding his mind and his body at the same time. Thousands are now alive fired with the same emotions; and, who knows, marching forward to the same dazzling destiny? But how widely different is the condition of the "printer boy," now, compared with the days when Franklin struggled along the rugged path of his early trials! The education of the masses is at once the duty and the glory of our Country. New fields of enterprise are discovered with marvelous rapidity, new sources of information opened for the common welfare, our territory advances upon the receding footsteps of barbaric rule and decaying customs, our flag, like the Roman eagle, flies in the uttermost quarters of the earth, and our name penetrates into those regions where even the sun himself refuses to shine for half the year. But the Press—the press is everywhere! It travels with our armies, and unfurls itself simultaneously with our flag. While the forest falls before the axe of the pioneer progress, and even before population has found a spot whereon to lay its weary head, the Press proclaims the opinions of the day, and fights the battles of truth, even as man contends against the obstacles of nature.

In the crowded city, in the quiet village, on the broad prairie for which the speech of England has no name, on the deck of the gallant ship, which cleaves strange seas and floats to undiscovered climes, in the cottage and the palace, you will find the American Press. It is not too cheap to be a luxury to the rich, nor too dear to be a burden to the poor. It speaks to distant friends at the same day and almost at the same moment. It fills the public mind with the elements of conscious independence and power. It revives the public spirit, and brightens the pathway to honor and to fame.

But, gentlemen, while these things are so, let us not forget the startling responsibilities devolved upon the future conductors of the American press. To be equal to these is to be equal to a most trying and exacting vocation. Excuse me for an allusion to my own humble experience. I know how deficient I am in many of the attributes of the editorial profession; for to me the printing office and the world's knowledge have been the only schools. Yet I know also the trials and the tribulations that attend upon it. There is much however, in Enthusiasm, Application, and Perseverance—and, above all, in the fearless faith which disaster cannot subdue nor slander overcome—and he who make these his guiding stars cannot readily be driven from his course. But I have already said more than enough.

When the death of Benjamin Franklin was announced in the French National Assembly in June, 1790, the President of that grave assemblage, spoke of the departed Printer in terms of historical and memorable eloquence. I borrow his language, in the following sentiment, which you will please read to your assembled company:

Benjamin Franklin:—Great men are the

fathers of universal humanity; their loss ought to be felt as a common misfortune by all the tribes of the great human family; and it belongs to a nation still affected by all the sentiment which accompany the achievement of their liberty, and which owes its enfranchisement essentially to the progress of the public reason, to be the first to give the example of the filial gratitude of the people to their true benefactors.

Your friend and fellow-craftsman,

J. W. FOXSEY.

Col. W. Hutter, and others of the Committee of Invitation, for the Printers of Easton, Pa.

CONGRESS.

Senate.—Monday, Jan. 29.—The Chair laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of State transmitting Professor Horsford's report on the analysis of a new variety of guano.

Mr. Seward presented a petition of the unemployed mechanics and workmen of New York city, praying the passage of the homestead bill.

Mr. Douglas reported a bill to extend to the Territories generally the laws regulating the fees and compensation of the officers of the United States courts in Oregon, and a joint resolution for the relief of the secretary of the Territory of Minnesota; which were considered and passed.

The Senate refused—yeas 23, nays 24—to take up the bounty-land bill, and proceeded to the consideration of the army appropriation bill. Mr. Houston spoke at some length in vindication of the Indians, and ascribed the troubles which have arisen to the bad faith and aggressive course of the white man, and the violation of the treaties which the government has made with them. Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, replied to the arguments of Mr. Houston; and without disposing of the subject, at a few minutes before four o'clock the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—The Speaker presented a joint resolution of the legislature of the State of Pennsylvania in favor of sending an expedition to the relief of Dr. Kane; laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Chandler, the joint resolution providing for the sending out of vessels to the rescue of the expedition under the command of Dr. Kane, now in the Arctic seas, was taken from the Speaker's table, read a third time and passed.

Mr. Walbridge submitted resolutions extending the thanks of Congress to Commodore M. C. Perry for his gallant services in negotiating our treaty with Japan, and for other purposes; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

The Senate joint resolution granting additional compensation to the clerks employed in the Census Bureau was read a third time and passed.

Two joint resolutions disapproving and disaffirming the acts incorporating the Northwestern and Transit Railroad Companies in the Territory of Minnesota were reported from the Committee on the judiciary by Mr. Cutting, and they were read three times and passed.

After making several other reports, and passing three territorial bills, one of which was a bill to enable the people of Oregon to form a State constitution preparatory to her admission into the Union, the House adjourned.

Senate.—Tuesday, Jan. 30.—The Chair laid before the Senate a message from the President of the United States, transmitting a communication from the Secretary of the Interior, with accompanying papers, and recommending that the appropriations therein asked for be made; which was read and referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Gavin and Mr. Shields reported several private bills.

Mr. Johnson submitted a resolution requesting the President of the United States to cause the Senate to be informed of the reasons for the delays which have occurred during the years 1853 and 1854 in furnishing the marshal of the western district of Arkansas with the funds necessary to defray the expenses of the United States district court for that district; agreed to.

Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, submitted a resolution requesting the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads to ascertain what the Collins steamers have received from freights and passengers from the time they commenced running until the present time; agreed to.

The Senate again resumed the consideration of the army-appropriation bill; which was discussed by Messrs. Fitzpatrick, Rusk, Hunter, Shields, Dawson, Pearce, Bell, and Weller.—Mr. Houston obtained the floor, and, it being half past four o'clock, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the President of the United States, recommending certain appropriations for the Interior Department, and that certain existing laws be so modified as to enable him to carry into execution certain treaties with the Indian tribes of Kansas Territory in relation to their lands; referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Mr. Wright of Mississippi, submitted a resolution calling on the President of the United States for the correspondence between this government and Spain touching the cases disturbing the friendly relations existing between the United States and France, and Great Britain in respect to the island of Cuba; agreed to.

Several bills were then introduced and reported.

The House then proceeded, as in Committee of the Whole, to the consideration of the bill authorizing the construction of a subterranean line of telegraph from the Mississippi to Missouri river to the Pacific Ocean; which was debated until fifteen minutes past four; when the Committee rose, and the House adjourned.—Washington Union.

The "Sober Second Thought"

The Chambersburg *Whig*, in an article headed "Know-Nothing Defeats," holds the following language:

It is utterly impossible in a country proverbial for freedom of thought and freedom of action and speech, as ours is, to give permanency to a political element that is to be controlled in secret, oath-bound caucuses, and that imposes upon its members, under penalty of formal excommunication, the support of its men and measures. Such a system of political machinery may work to a charm while there is no disappointed ambition to appease, no personal preferences to sacrifice, no private grudge to heal; but let such an organization once become supreme over all parties, and the day of its power would be the date of its decay.

MARRIED:

On Tuesday morning, Jan. 30, by Rev. Thomas E. Davis, at the house of Mr. Isaac Clark, in Harrison township, Mr. SAMUEL S. TAYLOR, of Juniata Tp. and Miss ANN MARGARET CLARK.

On the 1st of February, at the St. Nicholas Hotel, Cumberland, Md. by Rev. Henry Edwards, Mr. T. KEAR and Miss P. AUGUSTA YEAGER, both of Allegheny county.

JOHN TAYLOR, ESQ.

Treasurer of Bedford County

In account with said County from Jan. 1, '54 to January 1, 1855.

TREASURER DR.

To cash received from Collectors as follows:

Jacob Working, S. Wood.	1854	\$241 67
Wm. O'Neal, Monroe.	do	191 00
Fredk. Berkeimer, St. Clair.	do	312 00
David Cypher, Liberty.	do	109 00
David Ford, Broadtop.	do	90 00
Charles Stuckey, Bedford.	do	580 00
Emanuel Deihl, Colerain.	do	163 14
Samuel S. Shuck, Bedford B.	do	268 00
Jacob Devore, Harrison.	do	100 00
J. D. Hill, Juniata.	do	36 00
David Eschelman, E. Prov.	do	100 00
Solomon Williams, W. Prov.	do	322 00
Jacob Corle, Union.	do	140 00
Wm. Bams, Southampton.	do	125 00
William Hull, Napier.	do	296 50
J. Nicodemus, M. Woodby.	do	175 00
James Fink, Hopewell.	do	50 00
John Lowry, Londonderry.	do	180 00
Abra. Snowden, Cum. Val.	do	42 00
Moses Wisegarver, Bedford.	53	281 00
David Evans, Londonderry.	do	137 47
Isaac Karkman, Broadtop.	do	448 58 1/2
Nathaniel Wright, St. Clair.	do	51 00
J. S. Ritchey, W. Prov.	do	205 25
Abra. Snowden, Cum. Val.	do	125 00
Elias Gump, Colerain.	do	298 40
Joseph Barkman, Monroe.	do	216 50
Andrew Horn, Napier.	do	214 00
George Fralig, Harrison.	do	135 50
Jacob Working, S. Woodby.	do	129 17
Jesse Dicken, Southampton.	do	120 12 1/2
Samuel Dubbs, Union.	do	193 54
Henry Wilt, E. Prov.	do	102 66
James Clark, Liberty.	do	66 01
John Alstadt, St. Clair.	52	33 18
Jacob Furry, S. Woodby.	do	109 33
John Ash, Southampton.	do	17 12 1/2
Christian Garn, Union.	do	22 97
John Cook, Londonderry.	do	60 00
Charles Hoyman, do.	51	37 75
Benj. H. Walker, St. Clair.	do	25 92
Fredk. Smith, Londonderry.	50	49 00
Simon Broadbaugh, Judgment.	do	25 00
Wm. McAttee, do.	do	50 00
John Amos, do.	do	20 00
James Campbell, do.	do	80 00
George Rhodes, do.	do	26 00
Henry Fluck, do.	do	85 00
John Arnold, (Ex-Treasurer.)	do	82 11 1/2
Taxes on unseated Lands		310 42
County, Road, School.		49 99
		47 41
Credit on militia fines, for stationery, books, &c.		5 00
Check to Commissioners and Clerk for Militia services, erroneously drawn and credited on County funds—see credit on account for militia fines.		80 00
		\$7597 50 1/2

CONTRA. CR.

By amount paid on checks drawn by Commissioners, \$5341 58 1/2

" Amount paid Jurors, 1455 87 1/2

" " Constables attending Court, 75 62 1/2

" Amount paid Gideon Trout, reward for arrest of horse-thief, 20 00

" Amount paid for premiums on Fox and other Scals, 353 75

" Treasurers salary, 185 00

" Balance due County, 165 67

\$7597 50 1/2

STATEMENT OF CHECKS.

Assessors, 401 50
Viewers of Roads, and T.p. lines, 273 00
Wood, 133 50
Interest on borrowed money, 393 00
S. Davis, water-works, 250 00
Auditors and Clerk, 85 00
Fr. Jordan, Com. Att'y, 47 50
John Doran, Map, 10 00
Geo. W. Bowman, printing, 192 25
D. Over, do, 244 75
John Mower, Att'y to Comm'r, 59 00
A. S. Russell, Clerk, do, 304 00
Wm. Weitz, Commissioner, do, 130 00
John Conrad, do, 126 00
Fredk. Turner, do, 126 50
David C. Long, do, 9 00
Elections, 505 93
Constables, 228 05
Inquests, 64 87
John Alsip, costs and fees, 174 39
D. Washbaugh, do, 137 85
Same, amt. paid for Dockets, 31 87 1/2
E. Pennell, repairs at Court House, 225 00
McMullen and Radebaugh, 145 00
Wm. Griffith, laying out Sate road, 136 00
Reamer & Scott, stationery, paints, &c., 103 50
A. B. Cramer, carpeting, 81 73
Dr. S. Statler, post-mortem examination of body of Jno. Corle, 20 00
Law. Taltferro, money refunded, 100 00
Levi Agnew, cutting wood, &c., 48 00
J. McMullen, salary as Court crier, 61 00
Ezekiel Honck, reward for taking Horse-thief, 28 94
Miscellaneous checks, 466 55
Sum total, \$5341 58 1/2

Statement of Monies due to Bedford County, January 1st, 1855.

FROM COLLECTORS.

J. Working, S. Woodby.	54	\$352 57 1/2
J. Nicodemus, M. do.	do	724 77
Jacob Corle, Union.	do	167 83
William Bams, Southampton.	do	88 79
Solomon Williams, W. Prov.	do	125 39
David Eschelman, E. Prov.	do	115 11
William Hull, Napier.	do	258 13
John Lowry, Londonderry.	do	43 12
John Hill, Juniata.	do	225 20
Jacob Devore, Harrison.	do	55 18
James Fink, Hopewell.	do	150 65
Abra. Snowden, Cum. Val.	do	248 72
Emanuel Deihl, Colerain.	do	242 93
David Ford, Broadtop.	do	16 12
Charles Stuckey, Bedford T.	do	158 38
Samuel S. Shuck, Bedford B.	do	204 69
David Cypher, Liberty.	do	70 71
Fred. Berkeimer, St. Clair.	do	225 75
Wm. O'Neal, Monroe.	do	112 21
Jesse Dicken, Southampton.	53	156 24 1/2
Henry Wilt, E. Prov.	do	26 43
Joseph Barkman, Monroe.	do	10 10
David Evans, Londonderry.	do	6 31
George Fralig, Harrison.	do	1 94
John King, Hopewell.	do	197 19
Elias Gump, Colerain.	do	112 79
Moses Wisegarver, Bedford T.	do	200 75

Sum total, \$3652 99 1/2

CONTRA.

By amount paid State Treasurer, pro

at receipts dated May 22 and Sept. 15,

1854, 358 00

By commissions on \$358 87 a 5 per cent, 1 79

Balance due Commonwealth, 34 08

\$3652 99 1/2

Militia Fines.

To aggregate amount of same outstanding for '53 and previous years, 2419 49 1/2

To aggregate amount assessed for '54, 1233 50

By amount paid State Treasurer, pro

at receipt dated July 24, 1854, 222 38

Amount uncollected for '54 and previous years, 2378 98 1/2

Five per cent commissions allowed collectors for '54 and previous yrs. of \$676, 33 80

TO PERSONS OUT OF EMPLOYMENT.

Sears' Pictorial Works for 1855.—The attention of the reader is called to the advertisement of A. B. CRAMER & Co. for the series of Pictorial Works issued by the press of Mr. Sears. These books have met, from the press of Mr. Sears, a large sale throughout the Union, and the three latest publications, "Russia Illustrated," "China and India," and "The Illustrations of the Wars of the United States," are incidents in the history of the world, and in the history of every nation, and interest. What he wishes to obtain attention and interest in every section of the country, is competent agents in every section of the country. The readiness of his sale offers great inducements for persons to embark in their disposal, and as they are of a high moral and unexceptionable character, there are none but who can conscientiously contribute to their circulation. Any person wishing to embark in the enterprise will risk little by sending to the publisher \$25, for which he will receive sample copies of the various works (at wholesale prices) carefully boxed, and directed, affording a very liberal per centage to the agent for his trouble. With these he will soon be able to ascertain the most salable, and order accordingly.

Dr. KRYSSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP.—This is the name of a new article in the way of medicine, prepared by Dr. G. H. Krysser, Wholesale Druggist, 110 Wood street, Philadelphia, Pa. It is prepared from the various diseases of the Lungs and Bronchitis, such as Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Sore Throat. It has been highly spoken of by the Pittsburgh Press, is pleasant to take, and costs but half a dollar. Sold in Bedford by Rupp & Oster, in Schellburg, by Colvin & Robinson.

THE STOMACH prepares the elements of the bile and the blood; and if it does the work feebly and imperfectly, liver disease is the certain result. As the liver, as any derangement of the liver is perceived, we may be sure that the digestive organs are out of order. The first thing to be done is to administer a specific which will act directly upon the stomach—the mainspring of the animal machinery. For this purpose we recommend "Blood's" Gravel Bitter, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia. Acting as an alternative and tonic, it strengthens the digestion, changes the condition of the blood and thereby gives regularity to the bowels. See advertisement.

GREAT CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.—The Editors of the Richmond Republican, of Dec. 24th, 1852, says that Carter's Spanish Mixture is no quack medicine. They had a man in their press room, who was afflicted with violent Rheumatism, who was continually complaining of misery in the back, limbs and joints—his eyes had become feverish and watery, neck swollen, throat sore, and all the symptoms of Rheumatism, combined with Scrofula. Two bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture cured him, and, in an additional notice above, they bear testimony to its wonderful effects, and say their only regret is, that all suffering with disease of the blood are not aware of the existence of such a medicine. See their certificate and notice in full around the bottle.

TO PERSONS OUT OF EMPLOYMENT.

AGENTS WANTED

In every section of the United States. THE MOST ELEGANT AND USEFUL VOLUME OF THE YEAR. **Sears' Great Work on Russia.** JUST published, an Illustrated Description of the RUSSIAN EMPIRE. Being a Physical and Political History of its Government and Provinces, Productions, Resources, Imperial Government, Commerce, Literature, Educational Means, Religion, People, Manners, Customs, Antiquities, etc., etc., from the latest and most authentic sources. Enriched with about 200 Engravings, and Maps of European and Asiatic Russia. The whole complete in one large octavo volume of about 700 pages, and elegantly and substantially bound. Retail Price \$3.

This work has been several years in preparation, and will, it is believed, be the most complete and accurate of the kind, and will be found of great value to all who are desirous of obtaining information on the history and internal resources of a country occupying so large a portion of the Eastern Hemisphere, and holding so formidable a position at the present time to the rest of Europe and Asia; but of which far less is known than of any other European nation.

Also, a deeply interesting volume, "THE REMARKABLE ADVENTURES OF CELEBRATED PERSONS," embracing the Romantic Incidents and Adventures in the lives of Sovereigns, Statesmen, Warriors, Princes, Warriors, Travelers, Adventurers, Voyagers, &c., contained in the History of Europe and America, including sketches of over fifty celebrated heroic characters. Beautifully illustrated with numerous engravings. One vol. 400 pages, royal 12mo. cloth, gilt. Price \$1 25.

The subscriber publishes a number of most valuable Pictorial Books, very popular, and of great moral and religious influence; and while good men may safely engage in their circulation, they will confer a public benefit, and receive a fair compensation for their labor.

To men of enterprise and tact, this business offers an opportunity for profitable employment seldom to be met with.

Persons wishing to engage in their sale will receive promptly by mail a circular containing full particulars, with "Directions to persons disposed to act as Agents," together with terms on which they will be furnished, by addressing the subscriber, post paid.

ROBERT M. SEARS, Publisher,
Feb. 9, 181 William street, New York.

USEFUL EMPLOYMENT.

\$10 TO \$15 A WEEK CLEARED—A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY—BOOK AGENTS WANTED. To sell a new book entitled "One Thousand Things Worth Knowing." To men of enterprise and tact this business affords an opportunity seldom to be met with. For particulars, address, post paid, M. A. RICK & CO., Elizabeth Town, Lancaster county, Pa. Feb. 9, 1855.

PETITION FOR LICENSE.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions for the County of Bedford.

The petition of JAMES BURNS humbly sheweth that your petitioner is desirous of keeping a tavern in said county; that the said house is a good and well adapted to a tavern, having sufficient stabling and all necessary conveniences; he therefore prays the Court to give him a license.

JAMES BURNS.
We the subscribers citizens of and residing within the bounds of Napier Township, in Bedford county, do hereby certify that the said James BURNS, the above petitioner, and that we know him to be of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers.

Valentine Shoaf, John Kniple, John Burns, Jacob B. Baker, Jacob Hilliges, James Hays, John Wiand, John Garber, Wm. Keyser, Jos. Colledge, Joseph Boyers, James Burns, Jr., Michael Ellenberger.
Feb. 2, 1855.

JOSEPH W. TATE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

And Real Estate Broker, Bedford, Pa.

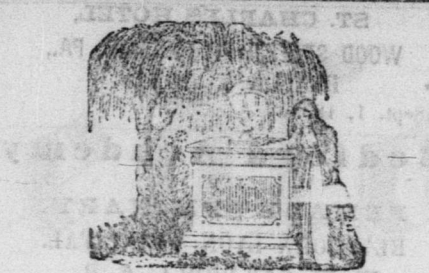
Will attend to all business entrusted to his care. He will give special attention to Soldiers' Pensions, Claims, and Bounty Land.

He has two or three Farms and 4,000 acres of unimproved land for sale.

He has been appointed agent to prosecute the Robert Morris claims, to lands in Bedford, Blair, Cumberland, Huntingdon, Adams, Perry, Juniata, Franklin, and Fulton counties.

Persons holding the Robert Morris lands by purchase, improvement, or warrant, may complete their titles by calling soon. Suits will be instituted against all trespassers not regarding this notice.

Office on Juliana street.
Jan. 26, 1855.



DIED.

On the 1st inst., Mr. HENRY KNOSS, Sen., of Bedford Township, in the 90th year of his age.

This aged father came down to us from a former generation. He was one of those who lived in the days of Washington. He was a man, remarkable for age, and universally respected for his integrity of character. Notwithstanding the weight of great age, with its many growing infirmities, he began to rest heavily upon him during the last few years of his life, yet his memory and the powers of his mind seemed to be but little impaired up to the day of his departure.

He was a friend to every one—kindness and forbearance to him, were manifest in his words and actions. He was a sincere Christian. He appeared to live over his bible; and, like David of old, he would arise from his bed, at the midnight hour, and read and sing and pray. For nearly three score and ten years, he was an active member of the German Reformed Church of this place; and during all this length of years, no one could impeach his moral integrity nor lay a finger upon one dark spot in his Christian deportment. His heart was in the church of his fathers. He loved her much; he labored for her welfare; he prayed for her peace—and one of his last actions, previous to his illness, was to promote the future welfare of that branch in which he held his membership. He considered himself highly favored in being permitted to attend the public services of the Sanctuary almost to the close of life. But the great trial of the Church, which has so generally been visited, has not removed him from the Reformed services of the Upper Saco Valley. His mortal remains were followed to the grave by a large concourse of people, thus testifying the respect in which this aged servant of God was held during life. How happy must he now be in reaping the reward of his works of faith and his labors of love!

BEEDFORD ACADEMY.

A CARD.—Notice is hereby given that the School Partnership heretofore existing between Rev. JOHN LYON and W. W. CAMPELL is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The Institution will hereafter be conducted by Mr. Campbell as sole Principal. Persons having claims are requested to present them to his office, these included to make payment to Mr. Campbell.

JOHN LYON.
W. W. CAMPELL.

Feb. 9, 1855.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION WAREHOUSE

Chambersburg, Pennsylvania.

THE subscribers are prepared at all times to carry Produce of every description and Merchandise to and from Philadelphia and Baltimore, on the most reasonable terms. The highest price paid at all times for all kinds of country Produce.

Receiving Deposits, BEZBY & CO., 365 Market street, Philadelphia.—JOHN BIGHAN, Baltimore, No. 151 H street.

Feb. 9, 1855.—6m.

NOTICE.

Christian Stoffer, of Napier Township, having on the 4th day of January inst., executed to the undersigned, an assignment of all his property, real, personal, and mixed, for the benefit of his creditors, notice is therefore given to the creditors to present their claims forthwith for settlement, and those indebted are hereby required to make payment immediately to either of the assignees, or at the office of Jno. P. Reed, Esq., where the books and accounts are placed. All accounts unpaid after the next court, will be placed in the hands of officers for collection.

DAVID PATTERSON,
JNO. P. REED,
JNO. MOWER,
Assignees.

Jan. 19, 1855.

Delinquent Collectors of 1853

are hereby notified that, by order of the Commissioners, all Duplicates for that year must be settled up on or before the 1st day of March next. For all taxes unpaid at that time—executions will be issued without respect to persons.

JNO. MOWER,
Attorney for Commissioners.

Jan. 19, 1855.

GEORGE HENRY vs. HARRIET HENRY.

In the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Bedford, Pennsylvania, subpoena for divorce from the bonds of matrimony to September Term, 1854, No. 26.—Alias subpoena to November Term, 1854, No. 109. On motion proclamation awarded by the Court. To HARRIET HENRY respondent and defendant above named. Take Notice that the Court of Common Pleas of the County aforesaid have granted a rule upon you, HARRIET HENRY, respondent in the above case to show cause why a divorce should not be decreed according to the prayer of the libellant, George Henry, in the above case.

Returnable to February Term next, commencing on Monday the 12th of February, 1855.

HUGH MOORE, Sheriff.

Jan. 12, 1855.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The subscriber will sell, at private sale, his valuable Property, situate in Union Township, Bedford County, Pa., on which he at present resides, containing 50 acres of patented land, 30 of which are cleared and under post and rail fence, the balance well timbered with good saw timber. This property is on the waters of Bobbs' Creek, 4 miles north of Adams Pt. Mills, on the public road leading from Bedford to Johnstown or Jefferson, within 12 miles of Jefferson, and 16 miles of Hollidaysburg. The improvements are a Stone Grist Mill, with two runs of Stones, one pair first rate French Burrs, with good merchant and country bolle, and a complete Sift Machine. The Machinery is all good and substantial, and is partly new. The water power is sufficient during the entire year, and the custom is good and plenty of it. There is also a new Saw Mill on the premises, which will cut from 1500 to 2000 feet of Lumber a day into measure, which is ready sale at the Mill. One of the Dwelling Houses is a three story frame, suitable for a public House or Store House, and is well finished. There are three other dwellings, two frame and one log house, also a frame stable and Wagon Shed, and other necessary buildings.

Also, will be sold, another Tract of Land containing 200 acres, about 75 acres of which are cleared, of which 10 are good meadow with facilities for making 20 or 30 more. The balance well timbered and well watered by the Bobbs' Creek running through it. There is on the premises an excellent site calculated for either Grist Mill or Saw Mill, with head and fall of 22 feet. There is a variety of choice fruit trees on the farm. The buildings are a good Log House and Stable and other outbuildings. Also, will be sold, 640 acres of good timber land, convenient to the Saw Mill, on which are the very best of saw logs. The above land is all patented, and a clear and indisputable title will be made to the purchaser or purchasers. Those wishing to purchase good property, will learn the conditions, (which will be moderate,) by calling with the subscriber, residing on the first named property.

CASELTON AKE.
July 21, 1854.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of F. Fa. to me directed there will be sold at the Court House in the Borough of Bedford on Monday the 12th day of February, 1855, at 2 o'clock, P. M. the following Real Estate, to-wit:

One tract of land containing about 200 acres more or less about 40 acres cleared and under fence with a two story log house, tenant house and log stable thereon erected; adjoining lands of Teeter's heirs John Layton and others; situate in Monroe Township, Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Samuel Funk.

Also one tract of land containing 125 acres more or less about 80 acres cleared and under fence with a cabin house and double log barn thereon erected, adjoining lands of Joseph Croyle John Ficks and others; situate in Union Township Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Samuel Funk.

Samuel Funk, deceased, in the hands of his executor, all his right title and interest to and in a lot of ground in the Borough of Bedford fronting 60 feet on Pitt street and extending back to the Raystown branch of the Juniata river, adjoining an ally on the east and lot heretofore owned by the said Funk, and being lot No. 189 in the plan of said Borough.

Also the right title and interest of the said Samuel Funk of and to lot No. 190 in the plan of said Borough fronting 60 feet on Pitt street and extending back to the Raystown branch of the Juniata River, adjoining lot heretofore owned by the said Funk, and being lot No. 189 in the plan of said Borough.

All of defendant Solomon Stoffer's interest in and to a tract of land containing 120 acres more or less about 15 acres cleared and under fence with a one and half story log house and small log stable thereon erected; adjoining lands of Henry Mock John Alcorn and others; situate in Union Township Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Solomon Stoffer.

One tract of land on the west side of Dennings mountain containing 113 acres more or less situate in Union Township Bedford county.

Also one other tract of mountain land containing 200 acres more or less with a cabin house thereon erected; adjoining lands of General Claycomb A. Sill and others; situate partly in Union and partly in St. Clair townships, Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Michael Shimer.

Also one tract of land containing 35 acres more or less nearly all cleared and under fence with a story and a half log house and log stable thereon erected; adjoining lands of Nicholas Slaughter Andrew Mann and others; situate in Monroe Township Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of James G. McFarland.

Also one lot of ground in the town of Pleasantville fronting 60 feet on the Johnstown road and extending back about 200 feet; adjoining lands of John Leighty and others with a two story frame house thereon erected; situate in St. Clair township Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Jos. B. Mock.

All of defendant John Here his interest in and to a tract of land containing 276 acres more or less about 150 acres cleared and under fence with a two story frame house one two story log house two tenant houses grist mill saw mill double log barn and frame stable thereon erected also an apple orchard thereon adjoining lands of Thomas Wiegand Michael Sill and others; situate in St. Clair Township Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of James Peoples, John Here and John W. Berler.

Also all defendants interest in and to one tract of land containing 375 acres more or less about three acres cleared and under fence with a cabin house one other old log house and one new log stable thereon erected; adjoining lands of Daniel Blankley John Shafer and others; situate in Colerain township Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Robert Haler.

Also one tract of land containing 150 acres more or less about 100 acres cleared and under fence with a story and a half log house and double log barn thereon erected; adjoining lands of Benjamin Lyberger James Logue and others; situate in Londonderry Tp. Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Wolford.

Also one tract of land containing 200 acres more or less about 150 acres cleared and under fence with a two story frame house double frame barn two story log house double log barn and spring house and shop thereon erected also an apple orchard thereon adjoining lands of — situate in Napier Township Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Jesse Blackburn.

Also one and one-fourth acres of ground in the town of Pleasantville with a two story log house and frame stable thereon erected; adjoining lands of James Sill Thomas Schooley and others; situate in Pleasantville St. Clair Township Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Samuel Clark.

HUGH MOORE, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Jan. 19, 1855.

News for the People!

NEW GOODS AT CHEAP CORNER, NO. 1.

Fellow-Citizens: We take this opportunity of returning to you our sincere thanks for the liberal patronage you have so kindly bestowed on us. We would also inform you that we have just returned from the Eastern Cities, with a large and well selected assortment of Goods, such as Cloths, Cassimeres, and Satinets; Peter Shams, for over coats, Jeans, Ladies' fine dress goods, such as Silks, Alpaca, Colburg Cloths, Bombazines, Merinos, and a large assortment of Bay State Shawls, Hosiery, for Ladies, Comforts, Crapes, Collars, &c., &c.—Also, a general assortment of Groceries, Crushed and pulverized Sugars, best Rio Coffee, Teas of all kinds, N. O. Molasses, Golden Syrup, Mackarel, Salt by the sack, Baker's Chocolate, Bacon Cocoa, and a general assortment of Goods usually kept in a country Store.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods at market prices.

SANSOM & GEPHART.
Oct. 13, 1854.

KEAGY'S FOUNDRY!

The subscribers respectfully beg leave to inform the people of Middle Woodbury Township, and the country at large, that they are now prepared, at their establishment, one mile south of Woodbury, Bedford County, to furnish four-horse Thrashing Machines, Pierpont's Patent Shaker, Cider Mills, Ploughs of every description, Keagy's Cooking Stoves, two different patterns, and two different patterns of Coal Stoves; Plough Castings, Wagon Boxes of all sizes, and Mill Castings of every variety. We are also prepared to fit up Machinery in the best and most durable style, and will give prompt attention to all orders in this line.

The public are respectfully invited to give us a call, as we feel satisfied that both our work and prices will please all who do so.

J. M. SNOWDEN,
WM. B. BLAKE,
Proprietors.

Oct. 27, 1854.

JOB MANN.

G. H. SPANG.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

Two undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of "Mangel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN.
G. H. SPANG.
June 2, 1854.

NOTICE TO COLLECTORS.

Collectors of the Poor Tax are notified to settle their Duplicates for 1853 and 1854 immediately and save costs, as suits will be instituted against all who neglect this notice. By order of the Directors:

JOHN H. RUSH, Treasurer.
Jan. 19, 1855.

BEDFORD COUNTY, SS:

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford, on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1854, before the Judges of the said Court—

On motion of JOHN P. REED, Esq., the Court grant a Rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of John Stoler, late of Liberty Township, deceased, to wit: Abraham and Philip, residing in the County of Whitney and State of Indiana; John Stoler, and Susan, intermarried with John Clapper, residing in Ashland County, Ohio; Catharine, intermarried with Isaac Kruessinger, Mary, intermarried with David Barkshesser, and David Stoler, residing in Liberty Township, Bedford County, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Bedford, in and for said County, on the second Monday (twelfth day) of February next, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of John Stoler, deceased, at the valuation, which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a Writ of Partition or valuation issued out of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County and to the Sheriff of said County directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

D. WASHBAUGH,
Clerk.

ATTEST:
HUGH MOORE, Sheriff.
Jan. 5, 1855.

BEDFORD COUNTY, SS:

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford in and for the County of Bedford, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1854, before the Judges of the said Court—

On motion of A. KIRO, Esq., the Court grant a rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of Dr. William Watson, late of the Borough of Bedford, deceased, to wit: Margaret, intermarried with Dr. Samuel Smith, residing in Allegheny County, Maryland; Dr. William H. Watson, John Watson, Mary Jane, intermarried with Alexander King, Louisa H., intermarried with Esy L. Anderson, Susan, who was intermarried with James Brown, since deceased, leaving issue one child, Eliza Brown, a minor, of whom William H. Watson is guardian, Eliza H., intermarried with Edward Harrison, all residing in the County of Bedford; Isabella A., intermarried with George Smith, residing in Allegheny County, Maryland; Anna, intermarried with John P. O'Neil, residing in the City of Philadelphia, Perceval, since deceased, without issue, and Laura V., intermarried with John C. Brashear, residing in the City of Washington, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Bedford, in and for said County, on the 2d Monday (12th day) of February next, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said Dr. Wm. Watson, deceased, at the valuation, which has been valued and appraised, in pursuance of a writ of Partition or valuation issued out of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County and to the Sheriff of said County directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

D. WASHBAUGH,
Clerk.

ATTEST:
HUGH MOORE, Sheriff.
Jan. 5, 1855.

NOTICE.

Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Abraham Sparks, late of West Providence Township, Bedford County, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment—and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SOL. SPARKS,
JOHN CESSNA,
Administrators.

Jan. 5, 1855.

FIGS.

The undersigned having obtained from the East a fine selection of choice breeds of Hogs, including Chester county Suffolk, Grade and Berkshire Pigs, direct from imported stock, can now furnish any of these varieties to those desirous of improving their stock. A fine lot of Chester county Pigs, from the celebrated stock of Benjamin Hickman, Chester county, now for sale. Terms moderate.

WM. HARTLEY,
Mount Dallas Farm.

Jan. 12, 1855—6m.

FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

The subscriber would announce to his old friends and customers, and the public in general, that he has permanently located himself in Juliana street, next door to Dr. REAMER'S Drug & Book Store, where he is prepared to execute all orders in his line in a superior manner, on reasonable terms. From long experience in the business, he feels confident he can render satisfaction to all who honor him with a call.

He constantly keeps on hand ready-made clothing, of every description, for Men and Boys—also, a superior assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASSINETTS, SILK, SATIN, and other VESTINGS, and Summer Wear, which he will sell as low as they can be bought elsewhere, and make them up to the taste of the purchaser.

He also keeps a general assortment of Cravats, Stocks, Collars, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, &c. He hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

WM. SCHAFER.
June 9, 1854.

Delaines, Cashmeres, Alpaca, Thibet Cloths, &c., &c., of every color, just received and for sale by

A. B. CRAMER & Co.

TOOTH ACHE.—Persons are not generally aware that Dr. Keyser's Tooth Ache remedy, prepared by him at 140 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. and for sale at Rupp & Oster's in this place will stop immediately an aching tooth. Whoever tries it will be convinced.

Dec. 8, 1854.

REMOVAL.

The undersigned respectfully inform their friends and customers that they have removed their Store to Exchange Building, where it will afford us pleasure to offer Goods of every description, at the lowest prices, to all who may favor us with a call.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

HALF PRICE!—Remnants of Dr. Laines, and other Goods on hand, which we are selling at about half their value.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.
Jan. 26, 1855.

New Firm! New Store!! and New Goods!!!

The subscribers, having just received and opened at the old stand of J. H. SCHELL, a new and splendid assortment of Goods, respectfully invite the patronage of the public.

Their stock consists of

Staple & Fancy Goods,

of the finest and newest styles; also, a large assortment of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Hardware, Nails, Glassware, Queensware, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Umbrellas, and, in fact, every article that is kept in a well regulated country store, all of which have been carefully selected, and will be sold on the most favorable terms for CASH or PRODUCE.

MARIA SCHELL,
JACOB S. SCHELL.
Schellburg, Pa.,
Nov. 10, 1854.

NEW FALL GOODS!

The undersigned thankful to their numerous patrons for their kind and very liberal patronage, respectfully informs them that they have just received from the eastern cities, a handsome assortment of new style Fall Goods, suitable for the present and coming season, comprising French and English Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans, Flannels, Satin and Worsted Vestings, Cravats and hdkfs, knit Merino Shirts and Drawers, Cashmeres, Manassine De Rege, Mousseline Delaines, Colburg and Thibet Cloths, Alpaca, Silk Poplins, Black Gros De Rhine, and Fancy Silks, Prints from a tip up, Musins bleached and unbleached from a tip up, all widths, Thibet and Day State Shawls, Gingham, Checks, Linseys, Tickings, Drillings, Cambrics, Nankeens, Crash, Diapers, Damask Table Cloths and Covers, White Goods, Embroiders, Sleeves, Collars, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Queensware, Hardware, and Brooms, Groceries, N. O. Sugars, White Clarified, Pulverized, and Crushed do., Golden Syrup, N. O. Molasses, good Rio Coffee 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Prime do 15 cents, Spices, Teas, Chocolate, Extract of Coffee, Tobacco, Flat Seed, and other articles, together with 1001 other articles adapted to the wants of the people, all of which they will sell at the very lowest possible prices for cash and approved produce, or upon short credit to good and punctual customers. And, as our motto, short profits, many sales, and quick returns, has been fully carried out, and will continue the ruling feature, we feel assured we can make it to the advantage of all in search of cheap bargains to give us a call before purchasing.

All kinds of Produce taken for Goods.

RUPP & OSTER.
Bedford, Sept. 22, 1854.

Reeve L. Knight,

(Successor to Hartley & Knight.)

BEDDING AND CARPET WAREHOUSE,

No. 148 South Second Street,

Five doors above Spruce Street, PHILADELPHIA. Where he keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of every article in his line of business. FEATHERS, FEATHER-BEDS, Patent Spring Mattresses, Curled Hair, Moss, Corn Husk and Straw Mattresses, Velvet Tapestry, Tapestry, Brussels, Three-Ply, Ingrain, Venetian, List, Rag and Hemp Carpets, Oil Cloths, Canton Mattings, Coran and Spanish Mattings, Floor and Stair Druggies, Hearth Rugs, Door Mats, Table and Piano Covers, to which he invites the attention of purchasers.

Oct. 13, 1854.—ly.

HARDWARE STORE.

The subscriber having purchased the entire stock of HARDWARE of the late Thomas B. Miller, in the Borough of Bedford, would respectfully announce to his friends and the public generally, that he is now prepared to furnish almost every article in his line of business on favorable terms. His stock being nearly all new, and selected by one well experienced in the business, he is fully satisfied that purchasers will find it to their advantage to give him a call. In addition to a general stock of Hardware, he has on hand, and will constantly keep, GROCERIES of the very best quality—GLASS of all sizes—

CIRCULAR.

The undersigned present their most sincere thanks to the numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage since opening the NEW STORE on the 14th of April, 1854, which has succeeded far beyond their most sanguine expectations, and has inspired them with renewed efforts to replenish their spring supply with such styles for the coming season, as cannot fail to please the most fastidious. And, as our motto, QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS, has been fully carried out, and will continue the ruling feature, you may rest assured of purchasing your goods at the CHEAPEST SIDE at the very lowest possible prices. Respectfully,
RUPP & OSTER.

June 16, 1854.



DOCTOR YOURSELF!

The Pocket *Asculapius*; or every one his own Physician.

The 50th Edition, with one hundred engravings, showing Diseases and Malformations of the human system in every form and shape. To which is added a Treatise on the Diseases of Females, being of the highest importance to married people, and those contemplating marriage. By WM. YOUNG, M.D.

Let no father be ashamed to present a copy of the *ASCULAPIUS* to his child; it may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life without reading the *POCKET ASCULAPIUS*. Let no one suffering from a hackneyed Cough, Pain in the Side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physician, be another moment without consulting the *ASCULAPIUS*. Have the married, or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the jaws of death.

Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE CENTS enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this work by mail, or five copies will be sent for One Dollar.

Dr. WM. YOUNG,
No. 162 Spruce St., Philadelphia.

May 26, 1854.—1y.

ZINC PAINTS.

One-third cheaper than White Lead, and free from all Poisonous Qualities.

THE NEW JERSEY ZINC COMPANY
HAVING greatly enlarged their works, and improved the quality of their products, are prepared to execute orders for their SUPERIOR PAINTS. DRY, and GROUND IN OIL, in assorted packages of from 25 to 500 pounds; also DRY, in barrels, of 200 pounds each. Their WHITE ZINC, which is sold dry or ground in oil, is warranted PURE and unsurpassed for BODY and UNIFORM WHITENESS.

A method of preparation has recently been discovered, which enables the Company to warrant their paints to keep soft in the kegs for any reasonable time. In this respect their paints will be superior to any other in the market.

Their BROWN ZINC PAINT, which is sold at a low price, and can only be made from the Zinc ores from New Jersey, is now well known for its protective qualities when applied to iron or other metallic surfaces.

Their STONE COLOR PAINT possesses all the properties of the Brown, and is of an agreeable color for painting Cottages, Depots, Out-building, Bridges, &c.

Dealers supplied on liberal terms by their Agents.

FRENCH & RICHARDS,

Wholesale Paint Dealers and Importers, N. W. cor. of 10th & Market Sts., Philadelphia.
May 26, 1854.—6m.

Cooking Stoves.

On hand and just receiving a lot of new patterns of Cooking Stoves, for wood and coal, at BLYMIRE'S.

In addition to his former stock, the subscriber has received a splendid assortment of Brass, Bell Metal, Iron and English Kettles, which will please all in want of the article,—also a variety of other articles useful for house keepers. He has also on hand a lot of pump chains and fixtures, all of which will be sold low for cash, or on a short credit.

GEORGE BLYMIRE.

May 19, 1854.

"Fellow Citizens!"

Do you want to leave your measure for a FASHIONABLE SUIT OF CLOTHES, warranted to give satisfaction in STYLE, QUALITY, FIT and MAKE? Do you want to see a large and splendid Stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and other seasonable goods for MEN'S WARE? Do you want to see a fine assortment of COATS, PANTS and VESTS, gotten up in a style not inferior to the best ordered work? Do you want Under Garments of the "right stripe," or FURNISHING ARTICLES that "can't be beat," or

BOYS' CLOTHING

for your Sons? In short, if you want all or any of these things so essential to the adornment and comfort of the "youthful man," call on

STEPHENS, Merchant Tailor,
McKag's Row, Baltimore Street (next door to Campbell's Drug Store), Cumberland, Md.

If you want an OUTFIT of CHEAP READY-MADE CLOTHING, I will advise you to call at the RAILROAD CLOTHING STORE, near the Depot.
May 19, 1854.—1y.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

To the Coroners, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford, Greeting.

KNOW YE that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. FRANCIS M. KIMMEL, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Bedford and Somerset, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and JOHN G. HARTLEY and Jos. B. NOBLE, Esqs. Judges of the same Court, in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations, and other remembrances before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden for the county of Bedford, aforesaid, on the 2d Monday of Feb. (being the 12th day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, and there to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Bedford, on the 19th day of Jan. in the year of our Lord 1855.

HUGH MOORE, Sheriff.

Jan. 19, 1855.

CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE.



The Great Purifier of the Blood!

NOT A PART OF MERCURY IN IT.

Let the Afflicted Read and Ponder!

An Infallible Remedy for Scrofula, King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obsolete Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Postules on the Face, Blotches, Boils, Acne and Fever, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stomach Ulcers, Syphilitic Disorders, Lumbago, Spinal Complaints, and all Diseases arising from an Injurious Use of Mercury, Impurity in Life, or Impurity of the Blood.

This great alternative medicine and Purifier of the Blood is now used by thousands of grateful patients from all parts of the United States, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, "CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE." Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions on the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affections of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Pains and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this great and inestimable remedy.

For all Diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the Stomach, makes the skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution, enfeebled by disease or broken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.

For the Ladies, it is incomparably better than all the cosmetics ever used. A few doses of CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE will remove all sallowness of complexion, bring the roses mantling to the cheek, give elasticity to the step, and improve the general health in a remarkable degree, beyond all the medicines ever heard of.

The large number of certificates which we have received from persons from all parts of the United States, is the best evidence that there is no Humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the wonderful effects of this GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Call on the Agent and get a Circular and Almanac, and read the wonderful cures this truly greatest of all medicines has performed.

None genuine unless signed BENNETT & BEERS, Proprietors, No. 3 Pearl Street, Richmond, Va.; to whom all orders for supplies and agencies must be addressed.

Sold by Dr. F. C. REAMER, Bedford; J. M. BARNDOLE, Bedford; A. B. BURN, Schuylburg, and by Dealers in Medicines everywhere. Oct. 20, 1854.—1y.

LIVER COMPLAINT,

Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Disorders arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach.

Such as Constipation, inward Piles, Fullness of the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swelling of the Head, Headache and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flashes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

CAN BE EFFECTUALLY CURED BY

DR. HOOFLAND'S
CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTERS.

Prepared by

DR. C. M. JACKSON,

No. 120 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled, if equalled, by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skillful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are, withal, safe, certain and pleasant.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

J. D. SPRING, Laceyville, Pa., April 6, 1854, says: "I can get you some good certificates for your German Bitters in this vicinity if you wish them. A lady purchasing some of it this week, says that it is by far the best medicine she ever knew, having done her and her daughter much good, &c."

S. B. LAWSON, Bedford's Store, Somerset Co., Pa., August 15, 1853, says: "I am much attached to your German Bitters, having used two bottles of it, which I procured from S. Kurtz, your agent at Somerset, and found great relief from in disease of the Liver. I find it has great effect upon my lungs, strengthening and invigorating them, which, as I am a public speaker, is a great help to me."

Dr. GILES, Newton Hamilton, Pa., May, 1851, said: "I have used myself half a dozen bottles of your German Bitters for Liver complaint and diseases of a nervous character, resulting from the abuse of mercury. I was poisoned and afflicted with spasms from the use of this latter article. The German Bitters is the first article from which I obtained any relief. I have also given the article to many dyspeptics, with the most salutary result. I think as many more bottles will cure me."

J. C. YOUNG, Esq., of Dauphin, Pa., writes May 5, 1851: "I was afflicted with General Debility, Intestinal weakness and Costiveness, for which I used many different remedies without relief. I at last used your Hoofland's German Bitters. I took a few bottles according to directions, and was completely cured. I have not been so healthy for ten years as I have been since I took your Bitters, which is about one year ago."

The Bitters are ENTIRELY VEGETABLE, always strengthening the system and never prostrating it.

Sold by dealers in medicine and storekeepers everywhere. And by

Dr. F. C. REAMER, Bedford, Pa.

Oct. 20, 1851.—1y.

Truth is Mighty!

Important news for the Invalids of Albany!

PULVERMACHE'S

HYDRO-ELECTRIC VOLTAIC CHAINS.

A New, Novel, and strictly Scientific Mode of applying Electro-Magnetism for the Instant Relief and Permanent Cure of all NERVOUS DISEASES.

Is for the first time introduced to the people of Albany and vicinity. We know that there is too much good sense among the inhabitants of this place to desire a long, unmeaning, extravagant advertisement; hence we shall simply give you a history of the Chains, and the success they have had in curing within the last year, NERVOUS DISEASES.

Pulvermacher's Electric Chains were first used in France, three years since, where the success that attended their use, soon attracted the attention of the first medical men in Paris, who took pains to give them a still further trial, and recommended their adoption in the different Medical Colleges of that Kingdom. Within the last few years they have been introduced in Germany, Austria, Prussia, Belgium and England, where they soon became the most popular article for the instant relief and permanent cure of that class of diseases called Nervous.

One year since they were introduced into the United States, and can now be found in all the principal cities in the Union. It is necessary to speak at length of their great success and unparalleled sale, wherever they have been introduced. It is sufficient to state that they are highly recommended by Professor Mott, Van Buren, Post and Carnochan, of New York, and also in daily use in every Hospital in that city. \$1,000 dollars will be given to any person who will produce so many well authenticated certificates of cure, from intelligent patients and scientific physicians, of the following diseases, as may be found in a pamphlet of 36 pages, to be had (gratis) of the only agents in Albany, DEXTER & NELLINGER.

Painful and Swelled Joints, Palpitation of the Heart, Rheumatism, Neuralgia of the Face, Pains in the Back, Nervous Headache, Deafness, Blindness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pains of the Liver, General Debility, Nervous Cough, Female Diseases, Tooth Ache, Protrusion of the Uterus.

It is not strange that the application of Electro-Magnetism will instantly relieve pain, wherever located, more quickly than opium or any of its compounds—for it is based upon the true theory of the origin of pain—a lack of the nervous fluid, which the Chains supply, by being applied over the parts affected, and the art being moistened with common vinegar, which is the only preparation necessary.

The common sense of the people all over the country is awakening, and they have concluded that they will no longer make drug shops of their stomachs, or be guilty of swallowing the miserable, disgusting nostrums that are thrust before the public.

RHEUMATISM, that common disease of this climate, can be almost instantly relieved of its pain—and a permanent cure produced by simply applying a chain of 18 links for a few days, a few hours each day.

PROLAPSUS UTERI.

More than one hundred cases of this disease have been cured within the last year, that had baffled every other mode of treatment, by wearing a 30 link chain for a few weeks, by attaching one end upon the spine and the other on the abdomen. After a simple application the worst symptoms disappear, and the patient soon gains strength. I do not know of one single instance that has not been greatly benefited, if not permanently cured.

One Word of Caution to the Ladies.—Ladies who are ENFEBLED, are requested to wear them only for a few moments at each application, for by long and frequent use MISERABLE is often produced.

JOSEPH STEINER, General Agent,
Broadway, New York.

Agent:—Dr. F. C. REAMER, Bedford, Pa.
June 9, 1854.—1y.

MENCEL HOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having removed to the MENCEL HOUSE, in the Borough of Bedford, recently in the occupancy of Mr. Isaac Mengle, respectfully announces to his old friends, and the public generally, that he is fully prepared to accommodate all who honor him with a call, and hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of custom. He will make it his study to render comfortable all who stop with him—and he invites Travellers, Movers, Drivers, and persons attending Court to give him a trial.

His stabling is of the best quality, and competent to accommodate a large number of horses, and it will always be attended by an obliging and attentive hostler.

Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month, or year, on reasonable terms.

Determined to spare neither pains nor expense to make his house what it should be, he confidently relies upon the public for a generous support.

JAMES S. BECKWITH.

March 31, 1854.

New Drug & Book Store.

We wish to distinctly understand by this community and country, that we pay particular attention to the selection of our Drugs and Medicines, purchasing none but the very best and purest articles. We have for sale cheap all the approved popular patent medicines, *Anger's Cherry Toothache Remedy*, *Anger's Kidney and Pain Killer*, and all the *Sarsaparillas*. Also Lubin's Extracts for the Handkerchief, fine soaps, cologne, pomades, ox nard, &c. We also keep constantly on hand a general assortment of School & Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books, Cap and Post Paper, &c., &c. In fact, if you want anything in the Drug, Medicine, Book, Soap or Brush line, call at the New Drug and Book Store and you shall be accommodated.
B. F. HARRY.

Jan. 13, 1854.

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

The subscriber has on hand a large assortment of LUMBER of the best quality, among which is 100,000 Shingles, of different kinds; 75,000 feet of superior Boards, and a splendid lot of Locust Posts. Builders, and others in want of Lumber, will find it to their advantage to examine his large assortment.

F. D. BEEGLE.

Jan. 14, 1853.

GUN SMITHING.

DANIEL B. BORDER respectfully informs the citizens of Bedford and vicinity that he has removed his shop to the house in the east end of Bedford, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh, where he is prepared to manufacture Double and Single barrel Rifles and Double and Single barrel Shot Guns of the best quality.

All repairing of guns, locks, &c., done with neatness and despatch.

May 26, 1854.

Life Insurance.

Key Stone Mutual Life Insurance Company of Harrisburg, Pa., has a Guarantee Capital of \$75,000.

President, Hon. LUTHER REILEY, M. D. Pamphlets, Circulars and all necessary information can be obtained by calling at the office of the subscriber, authorized agent for Bedford County.

C. N. HICKOK, Agent.
SAMUEL D. SCOTT, M. D. Medical Examiner.
October 10, 1851.

GLOBE HOTEL,

West Pitt Street, Bedford, Pennsylvania.
VALENTINE STECKMAN, Proprietor.
April 7, 1854.—1y.*

SHINGLES.—10,000 White Pine Lap Shingles for sale by A. B. CRAMER & CO.

FISH.—Another supply of Mackerel, Shad, and Herring, just received and for sale by A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Drugs and Books.

DR. F. C. REAMER

Having purchased the Drug and Book Store of Dr. S. D. Scott, will constantly keep on hand at his establishment in Julianna Street, a complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes of all kinds, Patent Medicines, Lamps, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c. &c. together with an extensive collection of School and Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books, Common and Fancy Stationery, &c. which he offers at greatly reduced prices for cash.
Bedford, Feb. 17, 1854.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Latest Intelligence from Cuba.

A Revolution Anticipated.

Wholesale & Retail Tobacco, Snuff and Cigar STORE.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that they have constantly on hand a large and extensive assortment of choice Cigars, viz: Regalias, La Norma, Principees, Casadoris, Havana, Corroto, Plantation and Jenny Linds—together with half-Spanish and Common of a superior quality. Also, a variety of chewing Tobaccos and Snuffs, all of which will be disposed of upon the most reasonable terms.
J. S. & G. W. CROUSE.

N. B. All orders promptly attended to.

April 15, 1853.

King & Moorhead,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

And Commission MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Produce and Pittsburg Manufactures.

No. 27, Wood St. Pittsburg.

May 16, 1851.

HARDWARE STORE.

The subscriber, thankful for past favors, would respectfully beg leave to announce to the public in general that he has just received from the Eastern Cities, in addition to his former stock, a large and well selected assortment of Hardware, embracing every article usually found in Stores of this description. His stock of Nails, Steel, Shovels, Edge Tools, building Hardware, Cutlery, Saws, Chains, Locks, Hinges, Screws, Chisels, Planes, Stair Rods, Coffee Mills, Augurs, &c., &c., is very large and of the best quality, and will be sold at a small profit. He also keeps a general assortment of Groceries, Spices, &c., &c., to which he invites the attention of the people. He has removed his Store to the Room occupied as the Post Office. Call, examine, and judge for yourselves.
ANDRIS SAUPP.

June 10, 1853.

WM. P. SCHELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Will attend faithfully to all legal business entrusted to his care in the Counties of Bedford and Fulton.

Bedford, Nov. 1, 1847.

C. N. HICKOK, Dentist.

OFFICE on Pitt-street, nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, Bedford, Pa. Teeth plugged, Regulated, &c. and artificial teeth inserted from one to an entire set. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted. Terms.—CASH.
Bedford, May 3, 1850.

COACH AND WAGON FACTORY.

The undersigned having entered into partnership in the above business, would announce to the citizens of Bedford County that they are now prepared, at their Shop at the East End of this Borough, to furnish CARRIAGES and BUGGIES, of every style and price; also, COACHES, WAGONS, and PLOUGHS. BLACKSMITH work of every description executed to order, on the shortest notice, at their shop adjoining the Coach Factory.

Determined to keep none but the best of workmen in their employ, and to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the State, they hope to receive liberal encouragement.

Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for work and the highest prices allowed. We respectfully invite the public to give us a call.

WM. WEISEL,

JOHN FOSTER.

Bedford, Feb. 3, 1854.

A CARD.

HAVING disposed of my Stock of Drugs, Medicines, &c., to Dr. FRANCIS C. REAMER, I take this opportunity of recommending him to my friends and former patrons as a Physician of much experience and skill, in whom they can place entire confidence.
S. D. SCOTT.

Feb. 24, 1854.

DR. WM. BURCH

Having permanently located in Pattonville, Bedford County, respectfully tenders his services to the public in the line of his profession.
Pattonville, March 3, 1853.—1y.

STOVE BLACKING.

ALL persons in want of Stove Blacking will find an article called the Victoria, superior to anything of the kind now in use.

GEORGE BLYMIRE.

W. B. CLARKE,

WITH

Burn, Raiguel & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

British, French and American

DRY GOODS.

No. 91 North Third Street, PHILADELPHIA.

The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of his old friends in the counties of Bedford, Fulton, Somerset, Blair, and Cambria, to the above CARD, with the hope that, when they visit the city to purchase Goods, they will not fail to call at "No. 91 North Third Street," where, he feels satisfied, they will find as choice a selection of Goods (on as reasonable terms) as are to be found in any other house in Philadelphia.
W. B. CLARKE.

March 24, 1854.—1y.

P. A. HEALEY & BRO.,

Wholesale Druggists,

AND DEALERS IN

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, VARNISHES, DYE-

Stuffs, Spices, Patent Medicines, &c.,

Cumberland, Md.

Orders from Physicians and Merchants filled with pure and unadulterated articles, at Baltimore prices.

June 9, 1854.—1y.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

BRYSON & SHIRLS.

Sept. 1, 1854.